Meningitis



What is it?

Meningitis is swelling of the protective covering of the brain and spinal cord. Viral meningitis is the most common type. Meningitis can also be caused by bacteria. Bacterial meningitis is usually more severe and can be fatal.

How does viral meningitis spread?

Several viruses can cause viral meningitis and they spread in different ways.

- Enteroviruses are the most common cause.
- They usually spread through contact with an infected person's mucus, saliva or stool.

Children younger than 5 years old and people with

weakened immune systems are at higher risk of getting the disease. Some people are more likely to

Who is at risk for severe illness?

Symptoms

A person may have symptoms 3-7 days after being exposed to a virus.

Symptoms in children and adults:

- Fever
- Headache
- Stiff neck
- Sensitivity to light

Symptoms in babies:

- Fever
- Irritability
- Poor eating

People who may have meningitis should see a health care provider right away.

- Sleepiness or irritability
- · Nausea or vomiting
- Sleepiness or difficulty waking
- Lack of energy



Ways to prevent viral meningitis

People with weakened immune systems

- Wash hands often, especially after using the toilet or changing diapers
- Avoid close contact with people who are sick
- Stay home when sick

have severe illness, including:

Babies younger than 1 month old

- Disinfect frequently touched surfaces with a diluted bleach solution (1 part bleach to 10 parts water)
- Stay up to date on vaccines for diseases that can cause viral meningitis

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Learn more about meningitis

When sick

Viral meningitis is usually a mild illness, and most people recover completely in 7 - 10 days.

Rest

- Manage fever
- Drink fluids
- Stay home
- There is usually no specific treatment, and antibiotics are not effective